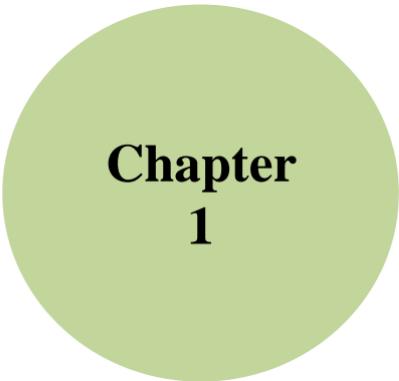
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SCORE 3
workbook

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Chapter
1

Unit 01

PART 1. Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Part of speech	Synonym & Antonym
destination	목적지	v. destine	end, goal, target
traveler	여행자	v. travel a. traveling	tourist, voyager
relaxing	편안하게 하는	v. relax n. relaxation	calming, comforting painful, stressful
bored	싫증난	v. bore n. boredom	tired, fed up, wearied interested, excited
sailboat	돛단배		sailer, sailing ship
usually	보통	a. usual	commonly, normally, typically abnormally, extraordinarily
lift	들어올리다	n. lift	raise, elevate, pick up drop, debase
illegal	불법의	v. illegalize adv. illegally	lawless, unlawful legal, lawful
comfortable	편안한	v. comfort adv. comfortably	cozy, snug, satisfactory uncomfortable, restless
activity	활동	v. act a. active	movement, action inactivity
thumb	엄지손가락	v. thumb	
cheap	싼	n. cheapness adv. cheaply	inexpensive, low expensive, costly
hitchhiking	히치하이킹	v. hitchhike	
stranger	모르는 사람	a. strange adv. strangely	alien, foreigner, outsider native, friend, buddy
sightseeing	관광	v. sightsee	tour

Practice A 다음 설명이 의미하는 단어를 보기에서 찾아 쓰시오.

island	sail	popular	hiking	mile
people	visit	next to	young	way

- 1 _____ : n. A piece of cloth fixed on a boat, so that the wind can push it
- 2 _____ : n. Used as the plural of 'person' to refer to men and women
- 3 _____ : n. The activity of taking long walks in the mountains or country
- 4 _____ : n. A method that you use to do or achieve something
- 5 _____ : n. A piece of land completely surrounded by water
- 6 _____ : v. To go and spend time in a place or with someone
- 7 _____ : a. Done by a lot of people in a society
- 8 _____ : a. Being in an early stage of life, growth, or development
- 9 _____ : n. A unit of measuring distance, about 1609 meters
- 10 _____ : prep. Very close to someone or something, with nothing in between

Practice B 다음 주어진 단어의 동의어를 골라 쓰시오.

voyager	fed up	movement	lawless	alien
tour	elevate	inexpensive	commonly	target

- 1 _____ : goal, end, destination
- 2 _____ : tired, wearied, bored
- 3 _____ : low, cheap
- 4 _____ : raise, pick up, lift
- 5 _____ : foreigner, outsider, stranger
- 6 _____ : illegal, unlawful
- 7 _____ : sightseeing
- 8 _____ : activity, action
- 9 _____ : tourist, traveler
- 10 _____ : usually, normally, typically

Practice C 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

- | | | |
|----|--------------|------------------|
| 1 | 인기 있는 장소 | _____ |
| 2 | 재미있는 활동이 많다 | have _____ |
| 3 | 돛의 도시라 부른다 | call _____ |
| 4 | 하이킹을 가다 | _____ |
| 5 | 두 개의 섬 모두 | _____ |
| 6 | 저렴하게 여행하는 방법 | cheap _____ |
| 7 | 기차로 여행하다 | _____ |
| 8 | 지루하다 | get _____ |
| 9 | 길 옆에 서다 | _____ the road |
| 10 | 엄지를 내밀다 | _____ your thumb |

Practice D 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 고르고, 필요한 경우 고쳐 쓰시오.

since	both	these days	excellent	tall
final	reach	stick out	different	take

- Parking near my office is such a problem. So I just _____ a bus.
- The player showed _____ leadership in practice, so he became the captain in real game.
- You can access to the Internet anywhere on your smart phone _____.
- He is really fashionable, and spares no money for _____ fashion and beauty.
- The holes in ozone layer allow more dangerous UV to _____ the earth's surface.
- Burj Khalifa, which is in Dubai, is the _____ building in the world.
- The girl _____ his tongue at another boy after she won the game.
- I have passed several exams. Now, I am waiting for the _____ interview of the job.
- The duty of the Air Force is really _____ from that of the Army.
- He became a designer naturally, _____ many of his family liked fashion.

Unit 01

PART 2. Listening dictation

A. Reading passage 1

These days, New Zealand is a very popular place for travelers. New Zealand _____. The country has two islands, the North Island and the South Island. _____ are beautiful and have many fun activities.

The North Island has great beaches and many water sports. The biggest city on the North Island is Auckland. People _____ because there are so many sailboats.

The South Island has very tall mountains. In the summer, many people go hiking. In the winter, _____ are excellent. The South Island is a beautiful island. People make many movies on the South Island because the mountains are so beautiful.

B. Reading passage 2

Traveling is fun because you see new places and people. There are many ways to travel. Young people _____. Young people usually don't have much money, so they have to find cheap ways to travel. Young people take buses, trains, or cars. Traveling by train is popular because it is _____. You can do a lot of sightseeing from the train, and you can visit new places since trains make many stops. If you travel alone, you _____ because there are people to talk to on the train. It is a relaxing way to travel.

If people don't have enough money to travel, then they can hitchhike. Hitchhiking is free. You _____, lift your arm, and _____. People might give you a ride to your final stop, but many times you just _____ until you reach your destination. But hitchhiking can be dangerous. You get rides from strangers. You do not know if they are good people or not. Because of this, hitchhiking is illegal in many places.

Unit 01

PART 3. Writing

Practice A. 주어진 말을 알맞은 순서로 배열하십시오.

1. (has / The North Island / winter / sports. / many)

→ _____

2. (Australia. / east of / about / New Zealand / is / 1,000 miles)

→ _____

3. (new places / visit / can / since / You / trains / many stops. / make)

→ _____

4. (enough money / can / If / to travel, / people / hitchhike. / don't have / then they)

→ _____

5. (might / a ride / People / give / to / your final stop. / you)

→ _____

Practice B. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안의 말을 이용하여 문장을 완성하십시오.

1. 한 번이라도 유럽으로 여행을 가봤으면 좋겠다. (go ~ing)

→ _____

2. 그녀는 나라 전체를 먹여 살릴만한 충분한 돈이 있다. (enough)

→ _____

3. 그가 같은 실수를 계속 반복해서 나를 화나게 만든다. (keep ~ing)

→ _____

Practice C. 다음 보기 문장을 참고하여 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 영어로 쓰시오.

★보기 : 그는 내일 쇼핑하러 갈 것이라고 생각한다.

□ → He thinks he'll **go shopping** tomorrow.

1. 나는 처음으로 스키를 타러 갔던 것을 아직도 기억한다.

→ I still _____ I _____ for the first time.

2. 나는 강변을 따라 시원한 바람을 느끼며 자전거 타러 가는 것을 좋아한다.

→ I like to _____ along the river _____ cool breeze.

★보기 : 네 일을 끝내는데 한 시간이면 충분하다.

□ → One hour is **enough** time for you **to** finish your work.

3. 내 컴퓨터에는 그 파일들을 모두 저장할 충분한 공간이 있다.

→ There is _____ space _____ all the files on my computer.

4. 전기를 낭비하지 마라. 공급할 전력이 충분하지 않다.

→ Don't waste _____. There is not _____ power _____.

★보기 : 당신은 당신의 목적지에 도착할 때까지 계속 히치하이킹을 해야 한다.

□ → You have to **keep hitchhiking** until you reach your destination.

5. 네가 계속 노력한다면, 너는 이 분야에서 최고가 될 수 있다.

→ If you _____, you can be _____ of this field.

6. 나는 그녀가 계속 내 마음속에 떠올라서 집중을 할 수가 없었다.

→ I couldn't _____ because she _____ in my mind.

Unit 02

PART 1. Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Part of speech	Synonym & Antonym
cruel	잔인한	n. cruelty	brutal, savage
		adv. cruelly	kind, benign, humane
opinion	의견	v. opine	view, idea, judgement
		a. opinionated	
friendly	친한	n. friend	familiar, intimate
		adv. friendlily	hostile, disagreeable
owner	임자, 소유권자	v. own	master, holder
		a. owned	tenant, renter
decide	결정하다	n. decision	determine, conclude
		a. decisive	suspend, withhold
lawyer	변호사	a. lawyerlike	attorney, advocate
raise	기르다		foster, bring up
			abandon, desert
rarely	드물게	n. rarity	hardly, seldom, scarcely
		a. rare	often, frequently
dangerous	위험한	n. danger	perilous, risky, hazardous
		adv. dangerously	safe, harmless
unusual	이상한	adv. unusually	atypical, peculiar
			normal, usual
popular	인기 있는	n. popularity	prevalent, celebrated
		adv. popularly	unaccepted, old-fashioned
special	특별한	n. specialty	unusual, unique, particular
		adv. specially	average, normal, usual
professional	전문적인	n. profession	experienced, expert
		adv. professionally	amateur, novice
pet	애완 동물	v. pet	
		a. pet	
poisonous	유독한	n. poison	toxic, venomous, lethal
		adv. poisonously	healthful, sound

Practice A 다음 설명이 의미하는 단어를 보기에서 찾아 쓰시오.

interest	garden	company	still	dig
already	consider	magazine	dirty	cage

- 1 _____ : n. The area of land next to a house, where there are plants
- 2 _____ : adv. Up to a particular time and continuing at that moment
- 3 _____ : n. An activity or subject that you enjoy doing or studying
- 4 _____ : v. To think about something carefully
- 5 _____ : adv. Before now, or before a particular time
- 6 _____ : n. A business organization that makes or sells goods or services
- 7 _____ : a. Covered in or marked by an unwanted substance
- 8 _____ : n. a structure made of wires or bars in which animals can be kept
- 9 _____ : n. A book with articles, photos etc and is sold periodically
- 10 _____ : v. To make a hole in the ground using a spade or your hands

Practice B 다음 주어진 단어의 동의어를 골라 쓰시오.

savage	attorney	hazardous	intimate	foster
unique	peculiar	expert	conclude	lethal

- 1 _____ : unusual, particular, special
- 2 _____ : advocate, lawyer
- 3 _____ : perilous, risky, dangerous
- 4 _____ : toxic, venomous, poisonous
- 5 _____ : atypical, unusual
- 6 _____ : experienced, professional
- 7 _____ : raise, bring up
- 8 _____ : cruel, brutal
- 9 _____ : familiar, friendly
- 10 _____ : determine, decide

Practice C 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

- | | | |
|----|----------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | 돼지를 기르다 | _____ a pig |
| 2 | 많은 특별한 보살핌 | a _____ |
| 3 | 살아있는 먹이 | _____ |
| 4 | 4미터 이상 자라다 | grow _____ |
| 5 | 따뜻해야 한다 | need _____ |
| 6 | 다소 이른 | a _____ |
| 7 | 비디오게임 회사에서 일하다 | _____ a video game company |
| 8 | 기사를 쓰다 | write _____ |
| 9 | 이것에 관해 생각하다 | think _____ |
| 10 | 팔기 시작하다 | start _____ |

Practice D 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 고르고, 필요한 경우 고쳐 쓰시오.

learn	make	probably	review	care
a bit	article	of course	before	test

1. Wine is good for health. But, _____, it is harmful when used excessively.
2. Every appliance of our company is _____ more than 50,000 times.
3. There are many people who need medical _____ in rural areas.
4. I'm not sure, but it is _____ the best solution for now.
5. He considered thousands of times _____ buying the new car.
6. The architects _____ the cracked building which was under construction.
7. News _____ usually contain not only the facts but also the opinions of the reporter.
8. For me, art is an art itself. I don't want to _____ money from it at all.
9. Although he is really gorgeous, he looks proud _____ sometimes.
10. If you want to _____ more about the writer of the book, visit his website.

Unit 02

PART 2. Listening dictation

A. Reading passage 1

Many people have unusual pets. Of course, people have popular pets like cats and dogs, but there are _____. Some people have pigs as pets. Would you like to have a pig in the house? _____. You probably need a garden to raise a pig because _____ in an apartment. Pigs are very friendly. They want to dig and _____.

Snakes are also unusual pets. Many people think snakes are dangerous, but this is not true. Only poisonous snakes like cobras are dangerous, and people rarely keep them as pets. Snakes do need a lot of special care. Their _____. They also need live food. Most snakes will only eat when they catch and kill the animal. Many people like watching their snakes _____, but some people think this is cruel. Finally, some snakes _____. Pythons, for example, can grow to over four meters. Sometimes, they get too big for their owners to keep. You should learn how big a snake will get before you buy it.

B. Reading passage 2

When you grow up, _____ do you want to do? Do you already know, or are you still thinking about it? It _____. Many kids think they want to become doctors, lawyers, teachers, businessmen, firefighters, etc. But if you are still thinking about it, why _____?

If you like to play video games, you could _____. Professional video game players usually work for video game companies or video game magazines. If they work for a video game company, they test the game before _____. If they work for a video game magazine, they play and review new video games. They play a game, and then they write an article and _____. If they like the game, it will probably sell very well. Can you imagine doing what you love and making money too? No one would tell you to stop playing video games. Now that would be a perfect job!

Unit 02

PART 3. Writing

Practice A. 주어진 말을 알맞은 순서로 배열하십시오.

1. (only eat / Most snakes / will / they / when / and kill / the animal. / catch)

→ _____

2. (a snake will / should / get / how big / before you / learn / buy it. / You)

→ _____

3. (already / or are / Do you / about it? / know, / you / thinking / still)

→ _____

4. (what / Can you / imagine / you love / doing / too? / making money / and)

→ _____

5. (playing / tell / No one / to stop / would / video games. / you)

→ _____

Practice B. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안의 말을 이용하여 문장을 완성하십시오.

1. 나는 담배를 많이 폼했지만, 요즘은 잘 피지 않는다. (rarely, scarcely, seldom, hardly)

→ _____

2. 그녀는 인권을 위한 투쟁을 절대로 멈추지 않을 것이다. (stop ~ing)

→ _____

3. 나는 여자친구를 만나기 전에 옷을 정리하기 위해 멈추었다. (stop to)

→ _____

Practice C. 다음 보기 문장을 참고하여 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 영어로 쓰시오.

★보기 : 이 방법은 최근 공공 설문조사에는 잘 사용되지 않는다.

□ → This method is **rarely** used in public survey recently.

1. 그녀는 여가 시간에 영화를 보러 잘 가지 않는다.

→ She _____ to a movie in her _____.

2. 그는 많은 사람들 앞에서 입도 잘 열지 못한다.

→ He _____ his mouth _____ many people.

★보기 : Kate는 달리기를 멈추었다.

□ → Kate **stopped running**.

3. 나는 운동을 과도하게 해서 그것을 그만두었다.

→ I _____ because I _____ it excessively.

4. 그는 사실을 깨달았을 때 걸음을 멈추었다.

→ He _____ when he _____ the fact.

★보기 : Kate는 쉬기 위해 멈추었다.

□ → Kate **stopped to rest**.

5. 5시간이 넘게 운전한 뒤, 우리는 자리를 바꾸기 위해 멈추었다.

→ After _____ more than 5 hours, we _____ our seats.

6. 많은 사람들이 피라미드의 거대한 광경을 보기 위해 멈추어 선다.

→ Many people _____ the tremendous _____ of the Pyramids.

Unit 03

PART 1. Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Part of speech	Synonym & Antonym
pose	자세	v. pose	posture, stance
digestion	소화	v. digest a. digestive	absorption, consumption
grab	잡다	n. grab a. grabby	catch, grasp, seize release, liberate
life expectancy	기대 수명		lifespan, lifetime
relieve	덜다	n. relief a. relievable	reduce, lessen, soothe intensify, aggravate
pain	고통	v. pain a. painful	ache, suffering, distress pleasure, relief, soothe
claim	주장하다	n. claim a. claimable	affirm, declare
average	평균의	n. average adv. averagely	standard, normal, usual
bow	활	v. bow a. bowed	
practice	연습하다	n. practice a. practiced	exercise, rehearse
weird	수상한	n. weird adv. weirdly	strange, odd, queer ordinary, natural
secret	비밀	a. secret adv. secretly	confidence, mystery opening, display
resident	거주자	v. reside a. residential	citizen, inhabitant wanderer, vagabond
as a matter of fact	사실은		in fact, actually supposedly
flexible	융통성이 있는	v. flex n. flexibility	adaptable, changeable straight-narrow

Practice A 다음 설명이 의미하는 단어를 보기에서 찾아 쓰시오.

death	while	stretch	yoga	bow
village	farm	healthy	chest	high

- 1 _____ : n. A very small town in the countryside
- 2 _____ : n. The end of the life of a person or animal
- 3 _____ : a. Physically strong and not likely to become ill or weak
- 4 _____ : n. To cause to extend or reach from one point to another
- 5 _____ : n. The act of bending the top of your body forward
- 6 _____ : a. Measuring a long distance from the bottom to the top
- 7 _____ : n. The front part of your body between neck and your stomach
- 8 _____ : v. To use land for growing crops or keeping animals
- 9 _____ : n. A system of exercises that help you control your mind and body
- 10 _____ : conj. During the time that something is happening

Practice B 다음 주어진 단어의 동의어를 골라 쓰시오.

affirm	rehearse	adaptable	inhabitant	odd
soothe	distress	confidence	standard	seize

- 1 _____ : reduce, relieve, lessen
- 2 _____ : practice, exercise
- 3 _____ : queer, strange, weird
- 4 _____ : declare, claim
- 5 _____ : mystery, secret
- 6 _____ : citizen, resident
- 7 _____ : changeable, flexible
- 8 _____ : usual, normal, average
- 9 _____ : catch, grasp, grab
- 10 _____ : ache, suffering, pain

Practice C 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

- | | | |
|----|----------------|-------------------|
| 1 | 너를 더 강하게 만든다 | make _____ |
| 2 | 강하고 유연해지다 | become _____ |
| 3 | 고통을 경감시키다 | _____ |
| 4 | 바닥으로 얼굴을 보고 눕다 | lie _____ |
| 5 | 약 20초 동안 | for _____ |
| 6 | 사실은 | as _____ |
| 7 | 가장 높은 기대수명 | the _____ |
| 8 | 남자들의 평균 사망 나이 | the _____ for men |
| 9 | ~에 노력을 기울이다 | put _____ |
| 10 | 결과적으로 | as _____ |

Practice D 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 고르고, 필요한 경우 고쳐 쓰시오.

whole	bend	stomach	effort	lift
simple	able	garden	graph	knee

- While I was playing soccer, I fell down and hurt my _____.
- This is a _____ mathematical question, but many people confuse it.
- I ate so much last night, so my _____ is full until now.
- If you don't exercise enough, you may not be _____ to walk again.
- This _____ clearly shows how the temperature of the earth has changed.
- Even a genius can't be the best without an _____.
- The winner _____ up the trophy and enjoyed his triumph.
- The old wooden bridge began to _____ as he walked on it.
- The sun is shining and flowers are in full bloom in my _____.
- It was so cold, so she covered her _____ body except her face.

Unit 03

PART 2. Listening dictation

A. Reading passage 1

Some say that yoga is just _____ that _____. Actually, you can become strong and flexible through _____. Today's pose is a bit difficult. It's called the bow. Only a few can do it correctly. In fact, you must practice a lot to do it. However, it makes your back and chest stronger. It can also _____ in your back and legs, and it can help with digestion. First, _____ on the floor. Keep your stomach on the floor. Next, _____. Finally, try to bend back while you lift your legs! Try to keep this pose for about 20 seconds. Keep practicing it! Before long, _____ do it for a minute.

B. Reading passage 2

In a small English village, people _____ to live a long time. People in Montacute _____ on good farming land. Many of the old residents have done this their whole lives. They claim that it has helped them live for a long time! As a matter of fact, Montacute has _____ in all of England. The average age of death for men is 89. _____ in the graph below, this is higher than most other places in England by more than 5 to 10 years. What they eat is not _____. Another is the work. Everyone puts a lot of effort and care into their gardens. As a result, they stay active, healthy, and happy.

Unit 03

PART 3. Writing

Practice A. 주어진 말을 알맞은 순서로 배열하십시오.

1. (while / lift / Try / your legs. / bend / to / back / you)

→ _____

2. (to / 20 seconds. / keep / Try / for / this pose / about)

→ _____

3. (the old residents / Many of / done / have / whole lives. / this / their)

→ _____

4. (most other places / This is higher / more / in England / than / by / 5 to 10 years. / than)

→ _____

5. (effort / their gardens. / puts / Everyone / and care / a lot of / into)

→ _____

Practice B. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안의 말을 이용하여 문장을 완성하십시오.

1. 가혹한 눈보라가 지나간 뒤, 단지 소수의 사람만이 살아남았다. (only a few)

→ _____

2. 우리는 1800년대부터 이 마을에 살아오고 있다. (have + p.p)

→ _____

3. 운동은 당신이 더 건강하고 상쾌한 인생을 살도록 도와준다. (help + o + v)

→ _____

Practice C. 다음 보기 문장을 참고하여 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 영어로 쓰시오.

★보기 : 오직 소수의 사람만이 외국어를 완벽하게 말할 수 있다.

□ → **Only a few** people speak a foreign language perfectly.

1. 기말 시험까지 몇 일밖에 남지 않았다.

→ There are _____ days left _____ the final exam.

2. 1900년대까지, 오직 소수의 사람만이 투표를 할 권리를 가지고 있었다.

→ Until 1900s, _____ people had _____ to vote.

★보기 : Peter는 그녀와 3년 동안 알고 지내고 있다.

□ → Peter **has known** her for three years.

3. 그녀는 2년 전에 스페인으로 가버렸고, 다시는 돌아오지 않았다.

→ She _____ to Spain 2 years ago and _____ never _____.

4. 나는 영어를 10년 넘게 공부해오고 있다.

→ I _____ English _____ more than 10 years.

★보기 : 그들은 그것이 그들을 오래 살도록 도와주었다고 주장한다.

□ → They claim that it has **helped them live** for a long time.

5. 그녀는 내가 새 마을에 적응하도록 도와주었다.

→ She _____ to the new town.

6. 우리 형은 내가 미래에 무엇을 할 지 결정하도록 도와주었다.

→ My brother _____ me _____ to do in the future.

Unit 04

PART 1. Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Part of speech	Synonym & Antonym
delight	기쁘게 하다	a. delightful adv. delightfully	please, gratify, amuse disappoint, frustrate
decorate	꾸미다	n. decoration a. decorated	ornament, garnish
around the corner	아주 가까운		before long, soon late, tardy
last	계속하다	n. last a. lasting	continue, keep, persist fail, stop, cease
legend	전설	a. legendary adv. legendarily	myth, folktale fact
gather	모으다	n. gathering a. gatherable	unite, collect, assemble scatter, disperse
attract	끌어당기다	n. attraction a. attractive	charm, draw, fascinate repulse, disgust
boredom	권태	v. bore a. boring	dullness, monotony excitement, delight
traditional	전통의	n. tradition adv. traditionally	customary, conventional innovative, progressive
desire	바라다	n. desire a. desirous	wish, hope, aspire reject, dislike
parade	행진	v. parade	march, procession
responsible	책임 있는	n. responsibility	accountable, liable unreliable, exempt
especially	특히	a. especial	specially, extremely generally, broadly
have in common	공통점이 있다		
available	입수 가능한	v. avail n. availability	accessible, unavailable, inaccessible

Practice A 다음 설명이 의미하는 단어를 보기에서 찾아 쓰시오.

beer	yearly	restaurant	carnival	chef
roast	holiday	celebrate	introduce	folk

- 1 _____ : n. An alcoholic drink made from grain
- 2 _____ : n. A skilled cook, especially the main cook in a restaurant
- 3 _____ : a. Coming from traditional people who live in a particular area
- 4 _____ : v. To show that an event is important by doing something special
- 5 _____ : a. Happening or appearing every year or once a year
- 6 _____ : v. To bring a type of thing somewhere for the first time
- 7 _____ : n. A place where you can buy and eat a meal
- 8 _____ : n. A public event at which people play music and dance
- 9 _____ : v. To cook something, such as meat, in an oven or over a fire
- 10 _____ : n. A time of rest from work, school, etc

Practice B 다음 주어진 단어의 동의어를 골라 쓰시오.

persist	aspire	accessible	specially	myth
soon	assemble	customary	fascinate	amuse

- 1 _____ : attract, charm, draw
- 2 _____ : available
- 3 _____ : wish, hope, desire
- 4 _____ : keep, last, continue
- 5 _____ : please, gratify, delight
- 6 _____ : folktale, legend
- 7 _____ : traditional, conventional
- 8 _____ : unite, gather, collect
- 9 _____ : extremely, especially
- 10 _____ : before long, around the corner

Practice C 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

- | | | |
|----|------------------|--------------|
| 1 | 아주 가까이 | around _____ |
| 2 | ~에 따르면 | _____ |
| 3 | ~에 책임이 있다 | be _____ |
| 4 | 당신의 모든 지루함을 몰아낸다 | drive _____ |
| 5 | 같은 방식으로 | in _____ |
| 6 | 게다가 | _____ |
| 7 | 공통으로 갖다 | have _____ |
| 8 | 바다 건너 | across _____ |
| 9 | 형형색색의 차들로 가득 찬 | full _____ |
| 10 | 모든 문제들을 잊다 | forget _____ |

Practice D 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 고르고, 필요한 경우 고쳐 쓰시오.

serve	activity	according to	commonly	same
worry	festival	hear about	forget	each

- It is a great restaurant _____ traditional Italian foods with affordable price.
- Despite the threat of the enemy, people don't _____ about a war at all.
- They may sound the _____, but actually they are very different.
- _____ the weather forecast, it will rain soon.
- Chopsticks are _____ used in the East Asian countries like Korea, China, and Japan.
- Don't _____ you have a dentist's appointment today.
- I never saw the advertisement nor _____ it.
- _____ person has different emotions because of his experiences.
- La Tomatina is the biggest and famous tomato _____ held in Spain.
- Today, children don't have time and places to do their physical _____.

Unit 04

PART 2. Listening dictation

A. Reading passage 1

St. Patrick's Day is _____! You _____ about many legends of St. Patrick. According to one of them, he was _____ all the snakes out of Ireland. In the same way, St. Patrick's Day at O'Flannery's Restaurant will _____! We are excited to introduce traditional Irish chefs. They will be serving excellent Irish dishes like corned beef and traditional Irish stew. In addition, we have a group of Irish dancers, who will _____. Special activities will also be available for kids. Don't sit at home thinking about _____ on St. Patrick's day. O'Flannery's Family Restaurant is just the place to be on this holiday, so visit us and celebrate St. Patrick's Day together!

B. Reading passage 2

Different cultures celebrate holidays in different ways. But one thing that _____ is a desire to have fun. This is especially true of Germany's yearly festival, Oktoberfest, which _____ in Munich. People gather in beer halls for beer and a lot of German food. Sausages, roast pork, and sauerkraut are _____. Oktoberfest is the largest beer festival in the world, _____ each year. Across the ocean, another popular festival _____. Celebrated all over the world, Carnival is the biggest party in Brazil. Every February, the city of Rio de Janeiro puts on a grand parade full of colorful cars _____ in a festival. Music is everywhere, and everyone dances. People eat, drink, dance, and forget all the troubles they _____.

Unit 04

PART 3. Writing

Practice A. 주어진 말을 알맞은 순서로 배열하십시오.

1. (legends of / might / You / heard / have / many / about / St. Patrick.)

→ _____

2. (the place / is / O'Flannery's Family Restaurant / to / this holiday. / be / just / on)

→ _____

3. (a lot of / People / in /gather / German food. / beer halls / beer and / for)

→ _____

4. (holidays / cultures / in / celebrate / Different / different ways.)

→ _____

5. (another / huge / Across / popular festival / the ocean, / crowds. / draws)

→ _____

Practice B. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안의 말을 이용하여 문장을 완성하십시오.

1. 여러분은 아마 이런 종류의 영화는 보지 못했을 것이다. (might have + p.p)

→ _____

2. 의사가 내 감기에 먹을 약을 조금 주었다. (noun + to)

→ _____

3. 모든 남자는 군대에서 2년 정도 복무해야 한다. (every)

→ _____

Practice C. 다음 보기 문장을 참고하여 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 영어로 쓰시오.

★보기 : 그녀는 기차를 놓쳤을지도 모른다.

□ → She **might have missed** her train.

1. 나는 그가 집으로 가는 길을 잃어버렸을지도 모른다고 생각했다.

→ I thought he _____ lost the way home.

2. 아틀란티스는 세계에서 가장 번영한 나라였을지도 모른다.

→ Atlantis _____ the most prosperous country in the world.

★보기 : 나는 그녀에게 떠나기로 결정한 것을 말했다.

□ → I told her about my **decision to leave**.

3. 저녁을 준비하기 위해 필요한 재료들을 자세히 알려줘.

→ Give me the details of the _____ for dinner.

4. 나는 내 프로젝트를 더 효율적으로 하기 위한 새 컴퓨터가 필요하다.

→ I need a new computer _____ my project _____.

★보기 : 매해 2월 리우데자네이루 시는 대형 퍼레이드를 연다.

□ → **Every** February, the city of Rio de Janeiro puts on a grand parade.

5. 나는 매주 최소한 3권의 책을 읽기로 결정했다.

→ I decided _____ at least 3 books _____.

6. 영화의 장면 하나 하나가 환상적이고 놀라웠다.

→ _____ single _____ of the movie was _____ and amazing.