

SCORE 3
workbook

Chapter
2

Unit 01

PART 1. Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Part of speech	Synonym & Antonym
technique	기술	a. technical adv. technically	skill, expertise
ignore	무시하다	n. ignorance a. ignorant	neglect, overlook, disregard acknowledge, recognize
impatient	성급한	n. impatience adv. impatiently	restless, hasty, intolerant patient, deliberate, preserving
disappear	사라지다	n. disappearance	vanish, fade, dissipate appear, show up
attractive	매력적인	v. attract adv. attractively	appealing, charming repulsive, offensive
idol	우상	v. idolize a. idolatrous	image, icon
contract	계약	v. contract a. contractual	agreement, deal
talented	재주 있는	n. talent	gifted, skilled, brilliant unable, incapable
trick	속임수	v. trick a. trickish	deceive, cheat, mislead truth, sincerity
instrument	악기	a. instrumental adv. instrumentally	
signature	서명	v. sign	autograph
afford	~의 여유가 있다	a. affordable adv. affordably	bear, sustain
develop	발전시키다	n. development a. developed	grow, advance, generate wither, reduce
industry	산업	a. industrial adv. industrially	business
string	끈	v. string a. stringed	thread, chain, line, rope

Practice A 다음 설명이 의미하는 단어를 보기에서 찾아 쓰시오.

birth	modern	expensive	admire	pop
sadly	become	excellent	singer	cool

- 1 _____ : n. A person who sings, especially as an occupation or avocation
- 2 _____ : a. Extremely good or of very high quality
- 3 _____ : v. To look at something and think how impressive it is
- 4 _____ : a. Costing a relatively large amount of money, time, or effort
- 5 _____ : v. To begin to be something, or to develop in a particular way
- 6 _____ : a. Very attractive, fashionable etc in a way that people adore
- 7 _____ : n. The time when a baby comes out of its mother's body
- 8 _____ : adv. Used when talking about bad situations or states
- 9 _____ : v. To come suddenly out of or away from something
- 10 _____ : a. Belonging to the present time or most recent time

Practice B 다음 주어진 단어의 동의어를 골라 쓰시오.

gifted	overlook	autograph	deal	line
deceive	expertise	appealing	intolerant	vanish

- 1 _____ : technique, skill
- 2 _____ : cheat, mislead, trick
- 3 _____ : signature
- 4 _____ : agreement, contract
- 5 _____ : thread, chain, string
- 6 _____ : skilled, brilliant, talented
- 7 _____ : ignore, neglect, disregard
- 8 _____ : attractive, charming
- 9 _____ : restless, hasty, impatient
- 10 _____ : dissipate, fade, disappear

Practice C 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

- | | | |
|----|---------------|--------------|
| 1 | 각 약기에 서명하다 | sign _____ |
| 2 | 모방하기 시작하다 | begin _____ |
| 3 | 사람들을 속이기를 원하다 | _____ people |
| 4 | 알기 어렵다 | be _____ |
| 5 | 버블껌처럼 터지다 | pop _____ |
| 6 | 인내심이 없게 되다 | become _____ |
| 7 | 아이돌들이라고 불려지다 | be _____ |
| 8 | 계약을 하다 | get _____ |
| 9 | 더 이상 인기가 없는 | no _____ |
| 10 | 가고 없다 | be _____ |

Practice D 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 고르고, 필요한 경우 고쳐 쓰시오.

still	famous	continue	during	copy
hate	stressful	following	admire	care

- He got good grade in his final report, but he just _____ mine.
- It is really _____ just sitting here and studying meaningless words.
- The player is _____ for his amazing physical abilities.
- I usually read a book _____ my work time because there is nothing else to do.
- Use one of the _____ words, and complete the sentence.
- After finishing my military service, I _____ my study at school.
- She _____ to be treated like a child, even though she is.
- Do not _____ about what they say and do what you want the most.
- I _____ vividly remember the time when I first got my resident ID card.
- When he saw her, he stopped and _____ at her beauty.

A. Reading passage 1

Stradivarius violins are the most expensive violins in the world. They were made by Antonio Stradivarius. He made excellent violins, and he _____. He was born in Cremona, Italy in 1644 and died in 1737. During his life, Stradivarius made 1,100 string instruments, such as violins, harps, cellos, guitars, and violas. But he is the most famous for his violins. Stradivarius perfected the violin. People today still make violins just like Stradivarius did long ago.

Many violinists would like to have a Stradivarius, but they are very expensive, and most people _____. Stradivarius signed each instrument with his name, the name of his birth city, Cremona, and the year. He and his violins _____, and people began to copy _____, but _____. Violin makers continued to use Stradivarius' signature because people _____ Stradivarius violins. Violin makers did not want to trick people, but they used his signature simply to mark it as a Stradivarius violin. Now, _____ if Stradivarius made the violin or if other violin makers simply used his signature _____.

B. Reading passage 2

Do you know _____? Justin Bieber, One Direction, Jonas Brothers, Taylor Swift. They are all young singers, and they are _____. They sing for teenagers. Teenagers call them idols because _____. Teenagers want to be like them. They are _____. People also call them "Bubblegummers". The songs are light and fun like bubble gum. When they are popular, the singers and the songs become big like bubble gum, and _____, they pop like bubble gum.

It is difficult to become a teenage idol. You _____, and you need _____. It is stressful to be a teenage idol. Teenagers become impatient quickly. One day, they might like someone, and the next day they might hate the group or the singer. Teenage idols find it painful when they are no longer popular. The music industry _____. They want to make a lot of money. They care about the groups and the singers if they are popular. If they are not, then people ignore them. Sadly, many teenage idols disappear fast. One day they are famous, and the next day they are gone.

Unit 01

PART 3. Writing

Practice A. 주어진 말을 알맞은 순서로 배열하십시오.

1. (to / not only / his technique, / People / copy / but also / began / his signature.)

→ _____

2. (a Stradivarius violin. / used / simply / They / to mark / as / it / his signature)

→ _____

3. (they are / painful / Teen idols / no longer / find / when / popular. / it)

→ _____

4. (about / money / cares / The music industry / the people. / than / more)

→ _____

5. (they / One day / gone. / are / and the next day / they / famous, / are)

→ _____

Practice B. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안의 말을 이용하여 문장을 완성하십시오.

1. 내 강아지는 고기뿐만 아니라 야채도 좋아한다. (not only ~ but also ~)

→ _____

2. 그는 더 이상 그것을 참지 못하고 친구와 싸웠다. (not ~ any more)

→ _____

3. 그가 사과한다면, 나는 당장 용서해줄 것이다. (if ~, then)

→ _____

Practice C. 다음 보기 문장을 참고하여 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 영어로 쓰시오.

★보기 : Christina는 피아노뿐만 아니라 바이올린도 연주한다.

□ → Christina plays **not only** the piano **but also** the violin.

1. 나는 나뿐만 아니라 내 동생도 신경 써야 한다.

→ I have to _____ not only me _____ my little brother.

2. 그녀는 돈뿐만 아니라 미래를 위해서 일한다.

→ She does her work _____ but also for her future.

★보기 : 나는 더 이상 Harry를 돕지 않아.

□ → I'm **not** helping Harry **any more**.

3. 나이가 들면서, 나는 더 이상 만화책을 좋아하지 않게 되었다.

→ ___ I grew _____, I didn't like comic books _____.

4. 나는 내 건강을 위해 더 이상 정크푸드를 먹고 싶지 않다.

→ I _____ to eat junk food _____ for my health

★보기 : 그들이 유명하지 않다면, 사람들은 그들을 무시한다.

□ → **If** they are not popular, **then** people ignore them.

5. 성적이 좋지 않으면, 나는 다른 할 일들을 찾아볼 것이다.

→ ___ the grade is not so good, _____ I will find _____ to do.

6. 내가 급여를 더 빨리 받는다면, 나는 그것을 즉시 써버릴 것이다.

→ ___ I get _____ earlier, then I will _____ it _____.

Unit 02

PART 1. Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Part of speech	Synonym & Antonym
raise	올리다	n. raise	elevate, lift
		a. raised	lower, drop
obvious	명백한	v. obviate	apparent, clear, distinct
		adv. obviously	obscure, puzzling
attempt	시도	v. attempt	bid, try
		a. attempted	
animation	생기	v. animate	excitement, vigor
		a. animated	apathy, depression
ancestor	조상	a. ancestral	forefather, predecessor
		adv. ancestrally	descendant, successor
meaningful	의미 있는	v. mean	important, useful, significant
		n. meaning	meaningless, trivial
disagree	(의견이) 다르다	n. disagreement	differ, argue, dispute
		a. disagreeable	agree, accord
graffiti	낙서		doodling, scribbling
amazing	놀라운	v. amaze	astounding, marvelous, remarkable
		n. amazement	ordinary, typical
effort	노력	a. effortful	exertion, labor, endeavor
		adv. effortfully	
put together	모으다		gather, collect, assemble
			scatter, distribute
a lot of	많은		lots of, many, much
			little, few
spread	펼치다	n. spread	expand, stretch, extend
		a. spreadable	contract, shrink
process	진행	v. process	procedure, head
		a. processing	
nightmare	악몽	a. nightmarish	bad dream
		adv. nightmarishly	lucky dream

Practice A 다음 설명이 의미하는 단어를 보기에서 찾아 쓰시오.

deep	slightly	director	work	tag
cave	result	drawing	create	step

- 1 _____ : n. To use effort in order to achieve something
- 2 _____ : n. A large natural hole in the side of a cliff or hill
- 3 _____ : a. Going far down from the top or from the surface
- 4 _____ : n. A picture that you draw with a pencil, pen etc
- 5 _____ : n. A thing that is caused or produced because of something else
- 6 _____ : n. A stage in a process, or a position on a scale
- 7 _____ : v. To make something exist that did not exist before
- 8 _____ : n. A piece of paper attached to something to show what it is
- 9 _____ : adv. To a small degree or by a small amount
- 10 _____ : n. The person who gives instructions to the actors on a film

Practice B 다음 주어진 단어의 동의어를 골라 쓰시오.

inflate	doodling	procedure	exertion	differ
gather	significant	marvelous	apparent	bid

- 1 _____ : argue, dispute, disagree
- 2 _____ : collect, assemble, put together
- 3 _____ : head, process
- 4 _____ : graffiti, scribbling
- 5 _____ : important, meaningful, useful
- 6 _____ : attempt, try
- 7 _____ : effort, labor, endeavor
- 8 _____ : clear, distinct, obvious
- 9 _____ : elevate, lift, raise
- 10 _____ : astonishing, amazing, remarkable

Practice C 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

- | | | |
|----|-----------------|----------------|
| 1 | 엄청난 영화 | an _____ |
| 2 | 인형을 조금씩 움직이다 | move _____ |
| 3 | 모으다 | _____ |
| 4 | ~와 같은 | _____ |
| 5 | 그림 대신에 | _____ drawings |
| 6 | 전혀 새로운 것이 아니다 | be _____ |
| 7 | 동굴 깊숙한 곳에서 발견되다 | be _____ |
| 8 | 중요한 단계 | an _____ |
| 9 | 깊은 문화적 중요성을 갖다 | have _____ |
| 10 | 그들에게 의미가 있다 | _____ them |

Practice D 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 고르고, 필요한 경우 고쳐 쓰시오.

model	even if	look like	already	type
across	message	relationship	cultural	ago

- I am making a good _____ with my new boss.
- He was not comfortable _____ there was nobody in the room.
- When I was young, I lived in a house just _____ the street from here.
- It was really sleepy, because I don't like this _____ of movie.
- Before making a real car, engineers make sample _____ of a car to test.
- My father used to smoke, but he quit 5 years _____.
- He is not at home. Do you want to leave a _____?
- I arrived 30 minutes late, and they had _____ gone.
- Making friends from other countries is a good way to understand _____ differences.
- She _____ a girl, but she is much older than me.

A. Reading passage 1

(C) What is stop-motion animation? If _____ The Nightmare before Christmas or Wallace Gromit, you probably already know. It is a type of animation _____ instead of drawings.

(B) The director _____ and takes a picture. When all the pictures are put together, it looks like the dolls are really moving. Therefore, a simple move like raising a hand may _____ to create.

(A) The Nightmare before Christmas has over 100,000 different pictures. It is obvious that _____ is a lot of work. The result is often an amazing film, _____ is difficult.

B. Reading passage 2

Graffiti is nothing new. As early as 70,000 years ago, our ancestors in Africa were making paintings _____. Most graffiti today only tries to spread the artist's name or tag across the city, but the goal of early rock artists was _____. Early rock art is commonly found deep in canes _____ be seen. Creating these images was a _____ for early humans. It took hours of work in small spaces with little light. Researchers still disagree about the exact meaning of these paintings, but _____ it was an important step in human development. The creation of art _____. It is not only an attempt to make a room prettier, but also an attempt by the artist to understand the world he or she lives in. The painting of Leonardo da Vinci, for example, are attempts by the artist to understand his place in the world and _____. We still don't understand _____, but the effort of the artists shows that their work was very _____.

Unit 02

PART 3. Writing

Practice A. 주어진 말을 알맞은 순서로 배열하십시오.

1. (moves / and / The director / a picture. / takes / the dolls / slightly)

→ _____

2. (different / 100,000 / has / The Nightmare / pictures. / has / before Christmas / over)

→ _____

3. (early humans. / and / Creating / long / process / a / difficult / for / was / these images)

→ _____

4. (hours of / with / It / work / small spaces / little light. / took / in)

→ _____

5. (importance. / has / The creation / deep / has / art / of / cultural)

→ _____

Practice B. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안의 말을 이용하여 문장을 완성하십시오.

1. 그녀는 물리, 화학, 생물 같은 과학을 좋아한다. (such as)

→ _____

2. 너는 하루 종일 힘든 일을 하는 대신 공부를 할 수 있다. (instead of)

→ _____

3. 그 팀의 지휘자 말고는 대부분의 직원이 유니폼을 입었다. (most)

→ _____

Practice C. 다음 보기 문장을 참고하여 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 영어로 쓰시오.

★보기 : 의사는 우리에게 버터, 고기, 햄버거 같은 기름진 음식을 피하라고 말했다.

□ → Doctors told us to avoid fatty foods **such as** butter, meat, or hamburgers.

1. 나는 봄에 축구나 자전거 타기 같은 야외 활동을 좋아한다.

→ I like _____ activities _____ soccer _____ cycling in spring.

2. 그는 소설이나 잡지 같은 다양한 종류의 책을 읽는다.

→ He reads different _____ books _____ novels or magazines.

★보기 : Jessica는 커피 대신 차를 마시기를 원한다.

□ → Jessica wants to have tea **instead of** coffee.

3. 불평을 하는 대신 어떻게 문제를 해결할 지 생각해라.

→ Think about _____ the problem _____ complaining.

4. 나는 점심으로 피자 대신 치킨에 만족해야 했다.

→ I had to be _____ the chicken _____ pizza for lunch.

★보기 : 대부분의 치즈는 젖소의 우유로부터 만들어진다.

□ → **Most cheese** is made from cow's milk.

5. 대부분의 사람들이 적의 위협에 두려워했다.

→ _____ were _____ the threat of the enemy.

6. 고래를 제외한 대부분의 포유동물은 땅 위에서 산다.

→ _____ whales live on the ground.