

SCORE 1
workbook

Chapter
2

Unit 01

PART 1. Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Part of speech	Synonym & Antonym
album	음악앨범		
global	세계적인	adv. globally	worldwide, international local, regional
cornet	코넷(악기이름)	n. storage a. storable	
culture	문화	n. culturist a. cultural	lifestyle
childhood	어린시절		youth, teens adulthood
perform	공연하다	n. performance, performer a. performable	play, put on watch, view
record	녹음하다	a. recordable	
musician	음악가	a. musicianly	artist, performer
troubled	문제가 있는	n. trouble a. troublesome	disturbed, uneasy
influence	영향력	a. influential	effect, impact powerlessness
produce	생산하다	n. product, production v. productive	create, manufacture, yield destroy
return	돌아오다	n. returnee	come back, revert depart, leave
unique	독특한	n. uniqueness adv. uniquely	different, uncommon ordinary, usual
slave	노예	n. slavery a. slavish	
meaningful	중요한	n. meaningfulness adv. meaningfully	important, significant trivial, trifling

Practice A 다음 설명이 의미하는 단어를 보기에서 찾아 쓰시오.

popular	successful	history	lesson	begin
famous	composition	become	huge	skill

- _____ : a. Having reached a wanted goal
- _____ : a. Known about by many people in many places
- _____ : n. All the things that happened in the past
- _____ : n. A period of time in which someone is taught a particular skill
- _____ : a. Liked by a lot of people
- _____ : v. To begin to be something, or to develop in a particular way
- _____ : n. A specific written or musical work
- _____ : n. An ability to do something well because of training
- _____ : a. Extremely large in size, amount, or degree
- _____ : v. Start to happen or exist from a particular time

Practice B 다음 주어진 단어의 동의어를 골라 쓰시오.

revert	performer	create	impact	significant
culture	worldwide	uncommon	put on	disturbed

- _____ : international, global
- _____ : lifestyle
- _____ : play, perform
- _____ : uneasy , troubled
- _____ : effect, influence
- _____ : important, meaningful
- _____ : different, unique
- _____ : manufacture, produce
- _____ : artist, musician
- _____ : come back, return

Practice C 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| 1. 그룹의 멤버들 | the _____ |
| 2. 작곡을 하다 | write _____ |
| 3. 그들의 노래를 공연하다 | _____ their songs |
| 4. ~을 좋아하다 | be _____ |
| 5. 팝 문화에 끼친 영향 | _____ pop culture |
| 6. 역사상 | _____ |
| 7. 결국에는 | _____ |
| 8. 힘든 유년기 | a _____ |
| 9. 문제아들을 위한 | for _____ |
| 10. 트럼펫 수업을 받다 | _____ lessons |

Practice D 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 고르고, 필요한 경우 고쳐 쓰시오.

perform	fond of	end	influence on	unique
wonderful	begin	show	interesting	popular

- The rooms were filled with _____ works of art.
- The children _____ two plays each school year.
- They will _____ construction on the new school soon.
- She's _____ chocolate and has some every day.
- _____ your ticket to the woman at the entrance.
- I'd like to _____ by inviting questions from the audience.
- Books and movies about crime are _____ to many people.
- Her friends had a lot of _____ her decision to go into acting.
- I always wanted to be _____ at school, but I was too shy.
- The Earth is _____ in the solar system in that it supports plant and animal life.

A. Reading passage 1

The Beatles were an English rock band and formed in Liverpool in 1960. The members of the band were John Lennon, Paul McCartney, George Harrison and Ringo Starr. They wrote many _____ and _____ their songs. The songs were fun and interesting.

They became famous with their first song "Love Me Do" in England, but later they became global stars. They went to America in 1964. American people _____.

From 1965, they produced their best albums like *Rubber Soul*, *Revolver*, *The Beatles* and *Abbey Road*. They were very successful, but the band _____.

Their _____ was huge. Their music was new and unique. The words of the songs were meaningful. Many people still love to listen to their music.

B. Reading passage 2

Louis Armstrong was one of _____ in history. He was a jazz trumpet player and singer. His style of playing and singing was very unique. Louis Armstrong was born in New Orleans in 1901. _____, and his family was very poor. He had a difficult childhood and at last he had to go to a special school _____. He learned how to play the cornet there. After graduating, he took trumpet lessons from Joe King Oliver in Chicago. Later he went to New York City and played with the Fletcher Henderson's band. When Louis Armstrong returned to Chicago, he made a band and _____. The recordings showed his skill with the trumpet. His recording of 'What a Wonderful World' of 1968 _____ in England.

Unit 01

PART 3. Writing

Practice A. 주어진 말을 알맞은 순서로 배열하십시오.

1. (compositions / They / many / wrote / their songs. / and performed / new musical)

→ _____

2. (the songs / were / The words / meaningful. / of)

→ _____

3. (trumpet lessons / Chicago. / He / Joe King Oliver / took / in / from)

→ _____

4. (the most popular / history. / Louis Armstrong / one of / was / jazz musicians / in)

→ _____

5. (playing / very / His / was / and singing / unique. / style of)

→ _____

Practice B. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안의 말을 이용하여 문장을 완성하십시오.

1. 미국인들은 그 그룹을 몹시 좋아했다. (be fond of)

→ _____

2. 그들이 대중문화에 끼친 영향은 막대하다. (influence on)

→ _____

3. Louis Armstrong은 1901년에 태어났다. (be born)

→ _____

Practice C. 다음 보기 문장을 참고하여 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 영어로 쓰시오.

★보기 : 나는 락음악을 매우 좋아한다.
→ I **am fond of** rock music.

1. 우리는 축구 하는 것을 매우 좋아한다.
→ We are _____ soccer.
2. 그녀는 요리하는 것을 좋아하지 않는다.
→ She is _____ of _____.

★보기 : 나의 어머니는 내가 의사결정을 하는 데에 큰 영향을 끼친다 .
→ My mother always **has** a big **influence on** my decision making.

3. 음악은 우리 정서에 강한 영향을 미친다.
→ Music _____ a strong _____ our emotions.
4. 그 책은 그의 인생에 대단한 영향을 미쳤다.
→ The book _____ a great _____ his life.

★보기 : 그와 나는 같은 날에 태어났다.
→ He and I **were born** on the same day.

5. 너는 언제 태어났니?
→ When _____ you _____?
6. 그는 프랑스인 부모에게서 태어났다.
→ He _____ of(to) France _____.

Unit 02

PART 1. Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Part of speech	Synonym & Antonym
disagree	동의하지 않다	n. disagreement	differ, dissent assent, agree
smart	똑똑한	n. smartness	clever, bright, intelligent stupid, silly
heroine	여자영웅		brave warrior coward
win	이기다	n. winner a. winnable	gain, triumph lose, be beaten
quarter	4분의 1	a. quarterly	
hobby	취미		pastime, interest
whisker	구레나룻	a. whiskery	
broom	빗자루		brush
brave	용감한	n. braveness adv. bravely	courageous, bold cowardly
witch	마녀	a. witchy	
award	상	a. awardable	prize, honor
spirit	영혼	a. spiritual	soul, ghost body, flesh
magic	마술	a. magical adv. magically	witchcraft
visitor	방문객	v. visit a. visitable	visitant, guest host, hostess
popular	인기 있는	v. popularize n. popularity	liked, hot, celebrated unpopular, rare

Practice A 다음 설명이 의미하는 단어를 보기에서 찾아 쓰시오.

successful	appear	forest	mean	director
character	reason	blog	answer	favorite

- _____ : v. To take part in a film, play, concert, TV program etc
- _____ : n. A large area of land that is covered with trees
- _____ : n. A person in a book, play, film etc
- _____ : n. The person who gives instructions to the actor on a film
- _____ : v. To have or represent a particular meaning
- _____ : a. Having obtained wealth or position
- _____ : n. Something you say when you reply to a question
- _____ : n. The one that you like the most
- _____ : n. A web page that is made of information about a particular subject
- _____ : n. Why someone decides to do something

Practice B 다음 주어진 단어의 동의어를 골라 쓰시오.

clever	soul	liked	guest	witchcraft
courageous	brush	pastime	differ	triumph

- _____ : brave, bold
- _____ : win, gain
- _____ : magic
- _____ : smart, intelligent, bright
- _____ : hot, celebrated, popular
- _____ : ghost, spirit
- _____ : broom
- _____ : interest, hobby
- _____ : dissent, disagree
- _____ : visitor, visitant

Practice C 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

1. 절반이 넘는 사람들 _____ the people
2. 내 질문에 답하다 _____
3. 4분의 1의 사람들 a _____
4. 마술을 잘한다 be _____
5. 그들 중 세 명 three _____
6. 상을 타다 _____
7. 매력 a _____
8. 마녀 소녀에 관한 영화 a _____
9. 가장 좋아하는 여행방법 a _____
10. 대중문화의 큰 비중 a _____

Practice D 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 고르고, 필요한 경우 고쳐 쓰시오.

of all	question	half	good at	look
animation	neighbor	tail	lovely	another

1. I moved to a new town and exchanged a few words with my new _____.
2. Dolphins are the most intelligent _____ animals.
3. I don't care about the _____ but I care about the inner beauty.
4. When I was young, I really like the _____ character, Tom and Jerry.
5. Do you mind if I ask you a personal _____?
6. I like short hair. She looks _____ with that hair cut.
7. When I go home, my dog always welcomes me wagging its _____.
8. More than _____ of all Koreans have smart phones.
9. One man's pleasure can be _____ man's misery.
10. He is not so smart, but he is really _____ solving math problems.

A. Reading passage 1

Watching movies is my _____. And I think Harry Potter is _____. I also think Harry is _____! Few people disagree with me. But everyone has different reasons _____. Today I asked my blog visitors, "Why do you like Harry?" Sixty people answered my question. Over half of the people said that they like him because he is brave. And _____ like him because _____. Ten percent of the people answered that they _____. _____ people — three of them — like him because he is smart. The smallest group said that they _____ for liking him.

B. Reading passage 2

Hayao Miyazaki is _____ animation directors in the world. His _____. And the characters in his films are very popular. One of them is Totoro. It _____ My Neighbor Totoro. It is a magical spirit of the forest. Totoro has a thick tail, rabbit ears and whiskers. Susuwatari, _____, is very lovely, too. Its name means "traveling soot." Miyazaki also made a film about a witch girl, Kiki. _____ is Kiki's favorite way to travel. Finally, there is the heroine of Miyazaki's film Princess Mononoke. She is Mononoke-hime. _____ for her is San, and she lives with a white wolf, Moro. Most of the characters in Miyazaki's films are now _____.

Unit 02

PART 3. Writing

Practice A. 주어진 말을 알맞은 순서로 배열하십시오.

1. (Harry / I / think / also / is / the best / ever. / character)

→ _____

2. (of / Ten percent / the people / they / answered / that / like / good looks. / his)

→ _____

3. (the world. / Hayao Miyazaki / one of / the most / is / successful / in / animation directors)

→ _____

4. (a / is / spirit / It / of / the forest / magical.)

→ _____

5. (Miyazaki's films / Most of / are now / the characters / popular culture. / in / a / big part / of)

→ _____

Practice B. 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안의 말을 이용하여 문장을 완성하십시오.

1. 그녀는 안으로 들어가기 위해 문을 발로 몇 번 차서 부수었다. (a few)

→ _____

2. 서울 같은 대도시에는 가격이 적당한 아파트가 별로 없다. (few)

→ _____

3. 레오나르도 다 빈치는 역사상 가장 유명한 과학자이자 예술가 중 한 명이다. (one of the most ~)

→ _____

Practice C. 다음 보기 문장을 참고하여 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 영어로 쓰시오.

★보기 : 나는 이 학교로 저번 주에 왔지만 벌써 몇 명의 친구를 만들었다.
→ I came to this school last week, but I already made **a few** friends.

- 나는 몇 일 전에 전화를 받고 이상한 소리를 들었다.
→ I picked up the phone and _____ strange sound _____.
- 점점 늦어진다. 몇 분만 더 기다리고 집에 가자.
→ It is _____ late. Let's wait _____ and go home.

★보기 : 나는 이 학교로 저번 주에 와서 아직까지는 친구가 별로 없다.
→ I came to this school just last week, so I have **few** friends so far.

- 많은 사람들의 생각과는 다르게 독을 가진 뱀은 거의 없다.
→ _____ many people's thought, only _____ have poison.
- 나는 겨울에 입을 옷이 별로 없다. 옷을 좀 사야겠다.
→ I have _____ to wear in winter. I have _____ some.

★보기 : 불국사는 한국에서 가장 유명한 절 가운데 하나이다..
→ Bulguksa is **one of the most** famous temples in Korea.

- 스페인어는 세상에서 가장 많이 쓰이는 언어 중 하나이다.
→ Spanish is _____ used _____ in the world.
- 오늘날, 스마트폰은 우리 생활에 가장 필수적인 것들 중 하나이다.
→ Today, smart phone is _____ essential _____ in our lives.